COVID-19 - WCO-WHO Cooperation

List of priority medicines for customs during COVID-19 pandemic WHO Secretariats of INN Programme and EML

Background

The World Customs Organisation (WCO) wishes to produce a list of medical supplies and medicines for COVID-19, which will serve to help customs and economic operators identify them and facilitate their classification at the border. The list contains medicines used in the general management of hospitalised patients and some medicines being used as part of the direct treatment against COVID-19 with their suggested HS codes. Where appropriate, medicines are identified by their International Nonproprietary Names (INN).

As of 30 April 2020, the present COVID-19 pandemic has affected 213 countries, areas or territories, where more than 3.1 million cases have been confirmed, and more than 217 000 people have died as a consequence of the infection. Due to the clinical characteristics of this coronavirus disease and its evolution, COVID-19 is challenging the health system of many countries, as patients in the severe stage require transfer to Intensive Care Units (ICU) and mechanical ventilation, intubation, sedation, and treatment of potential coinfections.

Within this framework, shortages of medicines can worsen the situation, especially in three cases:

- (1) Medicines used in the general management of hospitalised patients with COVID-19.
- (2) Medicines which are used as part of the direct treatment against COVID-19 in hospitalised patients.
- (3) Medicines where interrupted supply could result in serious health consequences.

Method

The following tables have been prepared considering different documents published by National Health Authorities, scientific societies or pharmacology experts, namely:

- (1) The Office of the Chief Pharmacist Department for Health and Wellbeing; Government of South Australia.
- (2) The Australian Therapeutics and Goods Administration (TGA)
- (3) The Essential Medicines List for the management of COVID-19 patients admitted to ICU prepared by the Argentinian CUFAR, a WHO-CC for the Rational Use of Medicines.
- (4) NICE COVID-19 rapid guidelines.
- (5) The National guidelines for the management of adult COVID-19 patients issued by different medical societies in Panama.

(6) Brazilian Ministry of Health, Protocolo de Manejo Clínico da Covid-19 na Atenção Especializada.

The complete references appear at the end of the document.

This is a living document, which will be regularly updated.

General Disclaimer:

The WHO Secretariats of the International Nonproprietary Name Programme and of the Model List of Essential Medicines, in this exceptional situation, wish to serve customs and economic operators by compiling a list of active substances that have been used in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic. This interim list will be continuously updated and will be a living document.

In view of the exceptional circumstances and the emergency due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Secretariats are not in a position to verify the possible benefits and harms of the listed medicines for treatment and management of COVID-19, as well as the dosage. The mention of specific medicines or combinations does not imply that they are endorsed or recommended by WHO against COVID-19 or in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic. The responsibility for the interpretation and use of the material lies with the reader. In no event shall WHO and WCO be liable for damages arising from its use.

The HS codes were provided by the WCO Secretariat with a view to facilitating the classification at the international level (6 digit of the HS) of the medicines contained in the list. Economic operators are kindly advised to consult with the relevant Customs administrations in relation to classification at domestic levels (7 or more digits) or in the event of any discrepancy between their practices and this list.

Some INN substances were classified by the Harmonized System Committee (HSC). The complete table of all INN substances classified by the HSC can be found at:

http://www.wcoomd.org/en/topics/nomenclature/instrument-and-tools/tools-to-assist-with-the-classification-in-the-hs/hs_classification-decisions/inn-table.aspx

Custom Medicines Prioritization lists

Table 1.- Medicines used in the general management of hospitalised patients with COVID-19.

Condition / Symptom	Medicine INN (Proposed List) (Recommended List)	HS Codes as pure substances / (*) put up as medicaments in measured doses	2019 Model List of Essential Medicines section
Fever	paracetamol (8)(4)	2924.29; 3004.90*	2.1 Non-opioids and non-steroidal anti-
1 0 1 0 1	paracetames (6)(1)	202 1.20, 000 1.00	inflammatory medicines (NSAIMs)
Medicinal gas	Oxygen	2804.40	1.1 General anaesthetics and oxygen
	Manushina	2020 44. 2004 40*	1.1.1 Inhalational medicines
Analgesia	Morphine morphine glucuronide	2939.11; 3004.49* 2939.19; 3004.49*	1.3 Preoperative medication and sedation for short-term procedures
	(92)(54)	2939.19, 3004.49	Short-term procedures
	(0=)(0 1)		
	fentanyl (14)(8)	2933.33; 3004.90*	2.2 Opioid analgesics
Sedation	<u>propofol</u> (49)(23)	2907.19; 3004.90*	1.1 General anaesthetics and oxygen
	midazolam (40) (19)	2933.91; 3004.90*	1.2 Injectable medicines 1.3 Preoperative medication and sedation for
	<u>midd20idm</u> (40) (13)	2000.01, 0004.00	short-term procedures
	lorazepam (23)(10)	2933.91; 3004.90*	5. ANTICONVULSANTS/ANTIEPILEPTICS
	haloperidol (10)(4)	2933.39; 3004.90*	2.3 Medicines for pain and palliative care
	levomepromazine (8)(4)	2934.30; 3004.90*	
Muscle relaxant	Atracurium ¹		20. MUSCLE RELAXANTS (PERIPHERALLY-
	atracurium besilate	2933.49; 3004.90*	ACTING) AND CHOLINESTERASE
	(42)(20)		INHIBITORS
	Succinylcholine	0000 00 0004 004	20. MUSCLE RELAXANTS (PERIPHERALLY-
	(suxamethonium chloride	2923.90; 3004.90*	ACTING) AND CHOLINESTERASE INHIBITORS
Sedation	(1)) Atropine	2939.79; 3004.49*	1.3 Preoperative medication and sedation for
adjuvant	atropine methonitrate (4)(3)	2939.79; 3004.49*	short-term procedures
aujuvani	atropine oxide (13)(5)	2939.79; 3004.49*	Short-term procedures
Anti-infectives	amoxicillin (27)(12)+	3003.10; 3004.10*	6.2.1 Access group antibiotics
(for coinfections;	clavulanic acid ² (44)(21)		g ap
need to refer to	amoxicillin (27)(12)	2941.10; 3004.10*	6.2.1 Access group antibiotics
local guidelines	azithromycin (58)(28)	2941.90; 3004.20*	6.2.2 Watch group antibiotics
and AMR data)	ceftriaxone (44)(21)	2941.90; 3004.20*	6.2.2 Watch group antibiotics
	ceftazidime (44)(21)	2941.90; 3004.20*	6.2.2 Watch group antibiotics
	doxycycline (16)(8)	2941.30; 3004.20*	6.2.1 Access group antibiotics
	vancomycin (6)(3)	2941.90; 3004.20*	6.2.2 Watch group antibiotics
	meropenem (60)(29) ³	2941.90; 3004.20*	6.2.2 Watch group antibiotics
	<u>amikacin</u> (30)(14)	2941.90; 3004.20*	6.2.1 Access group antibiotics
	piperacillin (38)(18)+	3003.10; 3004.10*	6.2.2 Watch group antibiotics
	tazobactam (63)(29) amphotericin B (10)(4)	2941.90; 3004.20*	6.3 Antifungal medicines
Glucocorticoids	hydrocortisone (1)(6) ⁴	2937.21; 3004.32*	3. Antiallergics and medicines used in
Gideocorticolas	mydrocorusone (1)(0)	2937.21, 3004.32	anphylaxis
Vasoactive	norepinephrine (45)(23) 5	2937.90; 3004.39*	апрпуало
medicines	epinephrine (16)(7) 6	2937.90; 3004.39*	3. ANTIALLERGICS AND MEDICINES USED
	1 // /-	,	IN ANAPHYLAXIS
	dobutamine (29)(13)	2922.29; 3004.90*	
A Da	Vasopressin	2937.19; 3004.39*	
	vasopressin injection		
NA AND BOTH	(16)(7)	0000 00 0004 00*	
Myocardial	<u>levosimendan (68)(23)</u> ⁷	2933.99; 3004.90*	<u> </u>
dysfunction Volume	milrinone (50)(24) ⁷ Saline solution	2933.79; 3004.90*	26.2 Calutions correcting water plactrol to and
expanders	Saline Solution	2501.00; 3004.90*	26.2 Solutions correcting water, electrolyte and acid-base disturbances
(crystalloids)	Ringer's lactate	3004.90*	26.2 Solutions correcting water, electrolyte and
			acid-base disturbances
Medicines for	oseltamivir (80)(42) 8	2924.29; 3004.90*	6.4.3 Other antivirals
influenza co- infection			
	enoxaparin	3001.90; 3004.90*	10.2 Medicines affecting coagulation
Anticoagulant	enoxaparin sodium	3001.30, 3004.90	10.2 Medicines anecung coagulation
	(77)(39)		
	<u>heparin sodium</u> (54)(26)	3001.90; 3004.90*	10.2 Medicines affecting coagulation
Antacids	<u>omeprazole</u> (46)(22)	2933.39; 3004.90*	17.1 Antiulcer medicines
	<u>ranitidine</u> (41)(19)	2932.19; 3004.90*	17.1 Antiulcer medicines

Antiemetic	<u>metoclopramide</u> (14)(6)	2924.29; 3004.90*	17.2 Antiemetic medicines
	ondansetron (62)(29)	2933.29; 3004.90*	17.2 Antiemetic medicines
Antiseptic	chlorhexidine (6)(3)	2925.29; 3004.90*	15.1 Antiseptics
	alcohol-based hand rub	3808.94	15.1 Antiseptics
	povidone (74)(36)-iodine	3905.99; 3004.90*	15.1 Antiseptics
Bronchodilators	salbutamol (20)(9)	2922.50; 3004.90*	25.1 Antiasthmatic and medicines for chronic
			obstructive pulmonary disease
	ipratropium bromide	2939.79; 3004.49*	25.1 Antiasthmatic and medicines for chronic
	(31)(14)		obstructive pulmonary disease
Cough	Codeine	2939.11; 3004.49*	2.2 Opioid analgesics
suppressants			

¹ <u>vecuronium bromide</u> (46)(22) can be an alternative. (HS Codes: 2933.49; 3004.90*)

Table 2.- Medicines which are used as part of the direct treatment against COVID-19 in hospitalised patients.¹

Medicine INN (Proposed List) (Recommended List)	HS Codes as pure substances / (*) put up as medicaments in measured doses	2019 Model List of Essential Medicines section ²
<u>hydroxychloroquine</u> (8)(4)	2933.49; 3004.90*	29.2 Disease-modifying agents used in rheumatoid disorders (DMARDs)
chloroquine (4)(3)	2933.49; 3004.60*	6.5.3 Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax, ovale, malariae 29.2 Disease-modifying agents used in rheumatoid disorders (DMARDs)
azithromycin (58)(28)	2941.90; 3004.20*	6.2.2 Watch group antibiotics
<u>lopinavir</u> (80)(42) /ritonavir (74)(36)	2933.59; 3004.90* 2934.10; 3004.90*	6.4.2.3 Protease inhibitors
<u>remdesivir</u> (116)(78)	2934.99; 3004.90*	
interferon alfa (73)(36)	3002.13; 3002.15*	6.4.4.2.3 Other antivirals for hepatitis C
<u>ribavirin</u> (31)(40)	2934.99; 3004.90*	6.4.3 Other antivirals

¹Medicines being tested in different hospitals. Each country should identify the list of medicines prescribed in its hospitals.

Table 3.- Medicines which interrupted supply could result in serious health consequences.

Medicine	2019 Model List of Essential Medicines section	
Prescription medicines ¹²		
Analgesics	2.1 Non-opioids and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory medicines (NSAIMs)	
Anaphylaxis treatment	3. ANTIALLERGICS AND MEDICINES USED IN ANAPHYLAXIS	
Antianginal	12.1 Antianginal medicines	
Anti-arrhythmics	12.2 Antiarrhythmic medicines	
Anti-coagulants	10.2 Medicines affecting coagulation	
Anti-depressants	24.2.1 Medicines used in depressive disorders	
Anti-diarrhoeals	17.5 Medicines used in diarrhoea	
Anti-epileptics	5. ANTICONVULSANTS/ANTIEPILEPTICS	
Anti-hypertensives	12.3 Antihypertensive medicines	
Anti-parkinson drugs	9. ANTIPARKINSONISM MEDICINES	
Anti-platelets	12.5.1 Anti-platelet medicines	
Anti-psychotics	24.1 Medicines used in psychotic disorders	
Anti-virals	6.4.2 Antiretrovirals	
Benzodiazepines	24.3 Medicines for anxiety disorders	
Cancer/Palliative care medicines	8.2 Antineoplastics and supportive medicines	
Diuretics	16. DIURETICS	
Endocrine medicines	18. MEDICINES FOR ENDOCRINE DISORDERS	
Gastrointestinal medicines	17. GASTROINTESTINAL MEDICINES	

² ampicillin (13)(8) + sulbactam (45)(21) can be an alternative. (HS Codes: 3003.10; 3004.10*)

³ <u>imipenem</u> (50)(24) + <u>cilastatin</u> (50)(24) can be an alternative. (HS Codes: 3003.20; 3004.20*)

⁴ methylprednisolone (8)(4) can be an alternative. (HS Codes: 2937.29; 3004.32*)

⁵ Recommended as first choice in patients with shock, as it produces less tachycardia than <u>epinephrine</u> (16)(7).

⁶ Vasopressin can be an alternative.

⁷ Panama guidelines (see Ref.)

⁸ In the case of influenza virus co-infection in compromised patients.

²Medicines being tested for COVID-19 have not been included on the EML for COVID-19; in the above table are reported the sections for which they have been included in EML.

Glaucoma eye drops	21.4 Miotics and antiglaucoma medicines
Immunosuppressants	8. IMMUNOMODULATORS AND ANTINEOPLASTICS
Insulins	18.5.1 Insulins
Oral contraceptives	22.1.1 Oral hormonal contraceptives
Oral hypoglycaemics	18.5.2 Oral hypoglycaemic agents
Respiratory medicines	25.1 Antiasthmatic and medicines for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
Non-prescription medicines ^{1, 3 4}	
epinephrine (adrenaline)	3. ANTIALLERGICS AND MEDICINES USED IN ANAPHYLAXIS
autoinjector	
(HS Code: 3004.39*)	
<u>chloramphenicol</u> (1)(1) eye	
drops/ointment	
(HS Code: 2941.40; 3004.20*)	
GTN (glyceryl trinitrate)	12.1 Antianginal medicines
(HS Code: 2920.90; 3004.90*)	
<u>levonorgestrel</u> (33)(15)	22.1.1 Oral hormonal contraceptives
(HS Code: 2937.23; 3004.39*)	
<u>naloxone</u> (13)(5)	4. ANTIDOTES AND OTHER SUBSTANCES USED IN POISONINGS
(HS Code: 2939.19; 3004.49*)	
salbutamol (20)(9)	25.1 Antiasthmatic and medicines for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
(HS Code: 2922.50; 3004.90*)	
Medicines used in specific	
programs	
WHO Global Malaria Program	
WHO Global TB Program	\Q\1\\\
HIV/AIDS Program	
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¹ List recommended by the Australian TGA.

References

- WHO International Nonproprietary Names Programme
 https://www.who.int/medicines/services/inn/en/
 Lists of Recommended and Proposed INNs
 https://www.who.int/medicines/publications/druginformation/innlists/en/
 INN Mednet
 https://mednet.who.int/inn
- Therapeutics Goods Administration (TGA) COVID-19 limits on dispensing and sales at pharmacies. Link: https://www.tga.gov.au/media-release/limits-dispensing-and-sales-prescription-and-over-counter-medicines
- Dept. Health and Wellbeing. Government of South Australia. Emergency Supply of essential medicines and COVID 19. Link:

 https://www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/wps/wcm/connect/923029ea-fcba-4fb7-b0cd11a66c86f5d7/Health+Professionals+Factsheet++Emergency+Supply+of+essential+medicines+and+the+Coronavirus.pdf?MOD
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- CUFAR PAHO: The Essential Medicines List for the management of COVID-19 patients admitted to ICU.Link: https://www.paho.org/en/documents/lista-medicamentos-esenciales-para-manejo-pacientes-que-ingresan-unidades-cuidados
- NICE. COVID-19 rapid guideline: managing suspected or confirmed pneumonia in adults in the community. Link: https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng165

² Classifications are not given for classes of medicaments as classification varies dependent on the specific substance.

³ In certain countries, some of these active ingredients can be prescription medicines.

⁴ Classifications not marked are for the pure substance. Classifications marked are for the substances put up as medicaments in measured doses. Note, the classification for epinephrine if it is imported as a pure substance, *not in an autoinjector or otherwise put up for retail sale or in measured doses*, is 2937.90.

- NICE. COVID-19 rapid guideline: managing symptoms (including at the end of life) in the community. Link: https://www.nice.org.uk/quidance/ng163
- NICE. COVID-19 rapid guideline: severe asthma. Link: https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng166
- Brazilian Ministry of Health. Protocolo de Manejo Clínico da Covid-19 na Atenção Especializada. Link: http://bvsms.saude.gov.br/bvs/publicacoes/manejo clinico covid-19 atencao especializada.pdf
- Sociedad de Enfermedades Infecciosas de Panamá (SEIP), Asociación Panameña de Neumología y Cirugía del Tórax (APNCT), Asociación Panameña de Médicos Intensivistas (ASPAMI), Sociedad Panameña de Anestesiología, Reanimación y Algiología (SPARA), Sociedad Panameña de Medicina Interna (SPMI), Asociación Panameña de Medicina de Emergencias (ASPAME), Sociedad Panameña de Reumatología (SPR), Asociación Panameña de Alergología e Inmunología Clínica (APAIC), Asociación Panameña de Geriatría (APG), Asociación Panameña de Medicina Crítica y Terapia Intensiva (APMCTI), Asociación Panameña de Neurología (APN), Sociedad Panameña de Nefrología e Hipertensión (SPNH), National guidelines for the management of adult COVID-19 patients. Panamá, 16 March,Ri 2020.
- FEMEBA (Argentinian Medical Federation). Coronavirus y medicamentos específicos: ¿qué sabemos hasta ahora? Informe Área Farmacología, 31 de marzo 2020. Link: https://www.fundacionfemeba.org.ar/blog/farmacologia-7/post/informe-coronavirus-y-medicamentos-especificos-que-sabemos-hasta-ahora-47679
- WHO. Report of the WHO-China Joint Mission on Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19). February 2020. Link: https://www.who.int/docs/default-source/coronaviruse/who-china-joint-mission-on-covid-19-final-report.pdf
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https://www.call.org.pe/coronavirus/doc/20200326 0309 67 0.pdf